Solar Monitor

Installation manual SM2-AD v. 2.0

Package content

Inputs and outputs module

Solar Monitor SM2-AD

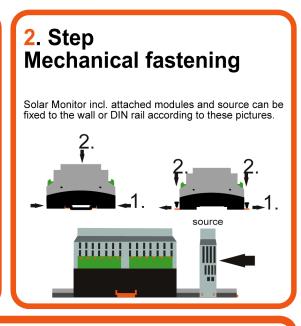
Installation manual

Configuration list

HBUS

- the part for connection to the SM2-MU

1. Step Connection to SM2-MU Connect HBUS to the SM2-MU. Connect the SM2-AD module with SM2-MU according to this picture.

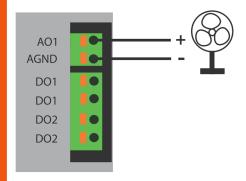


3. Step Inputs and outputs connection

We connect digital (relay) DO outputs similarly as SM2-MU. E.g. to the boiler or storage heater according to the picture.

AO1
AGND
DO1
DO1
DO2
DO2
STORAGE HEATER

We connect the analog output A0 similarly. There is a voltage 0-10V on output terminals depending on e.g. actual power plant output or actual temperature. It can be used for fluent regulation of appliances (e.g. fan speed).

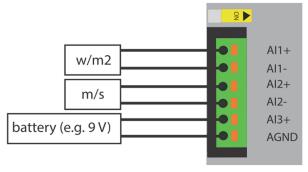


For analog inputs Al1 and Al2 it is possible to use range 0 - 20 mA and 0 - 10 V for voltage or current measurement.

For analog input A3 it is possible to use range: 0 - 20 mA, 0 - 10 V, 0 - 20 mV, 0 - 100 mV for voltage or current measurement.

Analog inputs are calibrated. Measuring accuracy of inputs has tolerance 0,1.

Measuring ranges are set before the module delivery! So it is necessary to write them correctly when SM2-AD module ordering. Pyranometer can be connected to inputs (for exact measuring of sunlight intensity), anemometer (wind speed measuring), or e.g. the battery to know the information about its state.

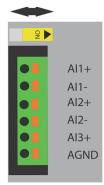


Connection of more SM2-AD modules at the same time

Up to 8 SM2-AD devices can be connected to the SM2-MU.

If 2 SM2-AD modules are connected to one Solar Monitor, it is necessary to have different addresses for communication with SM2-MU.

This can be found by switching the yellow sliding switch. If more than 2 SM2-AD modules are connected to the SM2-MU, then it is necessary to tell this information when ordering (then the sliding switch switches between addresses 2-3, 4-5, 6-7, 8-9).

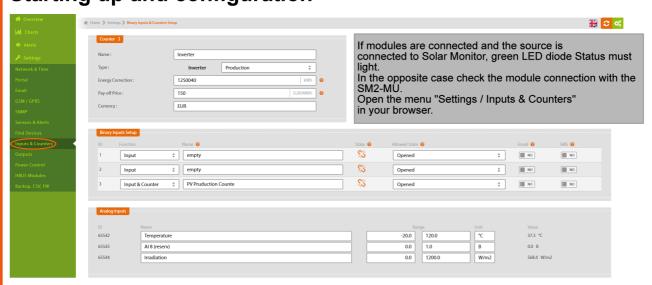


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Installation manual SM2-AD v. 2.0 (continuation)

4. Step Starting up and configuration



Digital outputs

Digital outputs setting is the same as for DO1 output in the SM2-MU. Outputs have to be allowed and then we choose conditions of outputs switching (e.g. from certain power value of PVE).



Analog output

Settings of analog output can be done similarly as with digitals. We choose factors of output setting (e.g. the temperature of room with inverters, current power).

Example: regulation of ventilation speed. We choose a temperature range having 0 - 10 V on the output, using for regulation of the ventilation speed. y = how many volts from range 0 (V) to 10 (V) will give the output with entered temperature range entered temperature range: x1 = lower limit (°C) till x2 = upper range (°C), e.g. 15 - 40 °C x = current room temperature (°C), e.g. 28 °C $x = \frac{10.7}{2} \left(\frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} \right)^{1.2} \left(\frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} \right)^{1.2} \left(\frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} \right)^{1.2} \left(\frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} \right)^{1.2} \left(\frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1.2}{2} + \frac{1$

= [10 / (x2 - x1)] * (x - x1) = [10 / (40 - 15)] * (28 - 15) = 5,2 V

Analog Outputs						
ID	Name	Dependant on		Range		State
3	Analog Output 2	Analog Input 7 [V]	*	0.0	1000.0	0.0 %

Analog inputs

Analog inputs are calibrated. Measuring accuracy on inputs has tolerance 0,1. The configuration list serves for correct analog outputs setting. It is delivered together with the SM2-AD module.

The customer when ordering chooses in which ranges each inputs have to measure (eg. 0-20 mV).

If measuring requested ranges are not entered, all analog inputs SM2-AD are configured for measuring in range 0-10V.

Example of setting of analog input AI range for measuring wind speed with an anemometer. We know the anemometer has current loop 4-20mA for wind speed 0-25 m/s. The analog input in SM2-MU is configured for measuring in range 0-20 mA. Calculation: 20 mA - 4 mA = 16 tj. measuring range 25 / 16 (maximum of measuring range / measuring range) = 1,5625 lower limit definition (current 0 - 4 mA corresponds to speed 0 m/s): 1,5625 * 4 = 6,25 0 - 6,25 = -6,25

Entered analog input range for measuring of this sensor is -6,25 to 25 m/s

